TOWAMENCIN TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	2-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-15
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Activities	17-18
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	19-20
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to	
the Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
- Governmental Funds	22-23
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - General Fund	25
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	27
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	28
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	29
Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	30
Notes to Financial Statements	31-63
Required Supplemental Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress - Pension Plans	65
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plans	66
Schedule of Funding Progress and Contributions- OPEB Plan	67
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	68-69
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	70-71
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	72
Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	73
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	74



936 Easton Rd., PO Box 754 Warrington, PA 18976 | 163 S. Broad St., Lansdale, PA 19446 252 W. Swamp Rd., Unit 9, Doylestown, PA 18901 | 444 South State St. Suite B12, Newtown, PA 18940 24 Arnett St. Suite 202, Lambertville, NJ 08530 215-343-2727 | www.bbco-cpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Supervisors Towamencin Township Kulpsville, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Towamencin Township, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Towamencin Township, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2013 and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 15, and the historical trend information on pages 65 through 67 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Towamencin Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Bee Bergual i Co.

Bee, Bergvall and Company, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Introduction

Our discussion and analysis of Towamencin Township's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements which begin with the statement of net position.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Township exceeded its liabilities at the close of the calendar year by \$37,715,320 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,275,250 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of December 31, 2013, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending balances of \$1,777,459.
- The Township reduced the outstanding debt with principal payments of \$1,040,000. The average variable interest rate on two notes with the Delaware Valley Regional Financing Authority was 1.0% including a .91% administrative fee.
- As of December 31, 2013, the Township's proprietary funds reported combined ending balances of \$60,828 for sewer related operations. Sewer rental fees did not increase in 2013.
- The Township continued the Homestead and Farmstead exclusions of \$59,000 and the real estate tax rate of 3.808 mills for 2013.
- During 2013, the Township issued Guaranteed Sewer Revenue Notes, 2013 Series, through a private sale by negotiation with The Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority. The Notes are in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,500,000 for improvements to the sewer system. Related to the 2013 Notes, The Township awarded a Qualified Interest Rate Management Agreement to the Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is designed to focus on the current year's activities and subsequent changes in the Township's financial position and also includes currently known facts that may have a significant impact on the Township's financial position now and in the foreseeable future.

The required elements of the general purpose external financial report as:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information

The Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) governmentwide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements provide a broad overview of Towamencin Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Please note that the Towamencin Township Infrastructure Authority, although considered a major fund of the Township, is discussed in detail in a separate audit.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent calendar year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows only in future calendar periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

Governmental Activities – Most of the Township's basic services are reported in this category. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues generally support these services. Services provided include general government, public safety, highway and streets, and culture and recreation.

Business-type Activities – The Township charges fees to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Township provides sewer services.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the major individual funds. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the Township uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for a particular purpose. In addition to the major funds, statements for non-major funds begin on page 19. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds – Most of the Township's basic services are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for future spending. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Township's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Township's programs.

Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, reconciliations are provided to reconcile between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position and between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which primarily measures cash and other financial assets usable in the short-term.

Proprietary Funds – When the Township charges for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds (enterprise) utilize the accrual basis of accounting; the same method used by private sector businesses. Enterprise funds report activities that provide supplies and services to the general public, such as sewer services.

Fiduciary Funds – The Township acts as a fiduciary to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The Township has two pension funds – Police and Non-Uniform. In addition, the Township maintains escrow accounts for land developments. These funds are reported using accrual accounting. The government-wide statements exclude fiduciary fund activities and balances because these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent assets available to the Township to finance its operations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 31 of this report.

Other Information. This information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental funds. The funds are added together by fund type and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements, but are not reported individually, as is done with major funds, on the governmental fund financial statements. This section also contains the Township's required supplementary pension information.

Financial Analysis of the Government as a Whole

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Township as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer the question, "How did the Township do financially during 2013?". These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Township's net position and changes in them during the year. This change in net position is important because it informs the reader whether the financial position of the Township has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors could include changes in the Township's property tax base and the condition of Township's assets.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Township is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the Township's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, streets and highway, and culture and recreation. Real estate taxes, earned income taxes, permits, fees and charges for services finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The Township charges a fee to help cover the cost of all or most of the cost of the sanitary sewer system in the Township.

Table 1 below shows the net position of the Township's governmental and business-type activities. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$38,251,221 at December 31, 2013. This is a decrease of \$2,492,919 from the previous year.

Table 1-Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
	<u>2013</u> <u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u> <u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u> <u>2012</u>		
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,701,648 \$ 2,610,161	\$ 2,246,766 \$ 499,598	\$ 3,948,414 \$ 3,109,759		
Other assets	1,481,368 1,595,874	356,696 437,440	1,838,064 2,033,314		
Capital assets	56,238,914 58,067,321		56,238,914 58,067,321		
Total Assets	\$ 59,421,930 \$ 62,273,356	\$ 2,603,462 \$ 937,038	\$ 62,025,392 \$ 63,210,394		
LIABILITIES					
Other liabilities	\$ 1,692,576 \$ 1,504,701	\$ 42,634 \$ 307,118	\$ 1,735,210 \$ 1,811,819		
Long term liabilities	20,014,034 20,654,435	2,500,000 -	22,514,034 20,654,435		
Total Liabilities	21,706,610 22,159,136	2,542,634 307,118	24,249,244 22,466,254		
NET POSITION					
Net position					
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	36,062,652 37,114,983	(2,500,000) -	33,562,652 37,114,983		
Restricted	377,418 993,154	2,210,428 481,363	2,587,846 1,474,517		
Unrestricted	1,275,250 2,006,083	350,400 148,557	1,625,650 2,154,640		
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 37,715,320</u> <u>\$ 40,114,220</u>	<u>\$ 60,828</u> <u>\$ 629,920</u>	\$ 37,776,148 \$ 40,744,140		

The largest portion of the Township's net position, \$36,062,652 or 96% is reflected in its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, and equipment) less any related debt, which is still outstanding. The Township uses these assets to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending, and the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources. Cash and investments in the amount of \$3,948,414 represent 6% of the Township's total assets.

The net position in the governmental activities decreased by \$2,398,900. The change in net position is made up of multiple items including depreciation expense which exceed capital outlay for the year, the recognition of the 2013 net obligation of Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) and the completion of the Fischer's Park Improvement Project. One offset to these decreases was the repayment of debt in the amount of \$1,205,300.

The net position of the business-type activities decreased \$569,092. The decrease was due to substantial costs to continue infiltration & inflow reduction efforts within the Township's sanitary sewer system as required by DEP.

Table 2 - Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position

		Governmental		Business-type					
		Activities			Activ	vities	Total		
		2013		<u>2012</u>		2013	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
REVENUES									
Program Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	811,262	\$	1,051,682	\$ 3	,403,123	\$ 3,434,977	\$ 4,214,385	\$ 4,486,659
Operating grants and contributions		925,066		842,798		-	-	925,066	842,798
Capital grants and contributions		154,134		184,314		-	-	154,134	184,314
General Revenues:									
Taxes									
Real estate tax	2	,823,430		2,876,907		-	-	2,823,430	2,876,907
Real estate transfer tax		438,634		342,469		-	-	438,634	342,469
Earned income tax	2	,826,882		2,788,334				2,826,882	2,788,334
Local service tax		287,717		261,154		-	-	287,717	261,154
Cable TV franchise tax		343,530		324,935		-	-	343,530	324,935
Investment earnings		4,650		6,090		1,254	3,486	5,904	9,576
Other		261,335		606,754		-	-	261,335	606,754
Total Revenues	8	8,876,640		9,285,437	3	,404,377	3,438,463	12,281,017	12,723,900
EXPENSES									
General government	1	,548,935		1,595,220		-	-	1,548,935	1,595,220
Public safety-police		,154,092		4,060,381		-	-	4,154,092	4,060,381
Public safety-other	1	,043,066		930,242		-	-	1,043,066	930,242
Public works-highway & streets	3	,211,191		2,595,781		-	-	3,211,191	2,595,781
Culture & recreation-parks	1	,383,205		536,430		-	-	1,383,205	536,430
Interest		537,976		764,706		24,108	-	562,084	764,706
Sewer operations		-		-	3	,346,436	3,125,043	3,346,436	3,125,043
Total Expenses	11	,878,465		10,482,760	3	,370,544	3,125,043	15,249,009	13,607,803
Excess (Deficiency) Before Transfers	(3	,001,825)		(1,197,323)		33,833	313,420	(2,967,992)	(883,903)
Transfers (Net)		602,925		934,942	((602,925)	(934,942)		
Change in Net Position	(2	2,398,900)		(262,381)	((569,092)	(621,522)	(2,967,992)	(883,903)
Net Position - Beginning	40	,114,220		40,376,601		629,920	1,251,442	40,744,140	41,628,043
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 37</u>	7,715,320	\$	40,114,220	\$	60,828	\$ 629,920	\$ 37,776,148	\$ 40,744,140

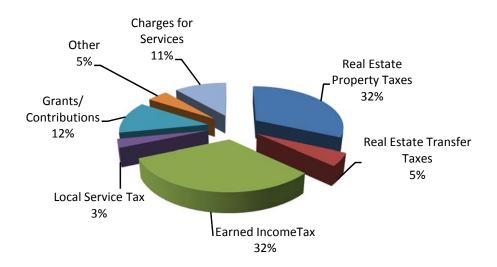
Governmental Activities

The cost of all governmental activities in 2013 was \$11,878,465. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through Township taxes was \$8,300,490 or 70%. Other costs were paid by those directly benefiting from the programs (\$811,262 or 7%) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with intergovernmental aid and contributions (\$2,762,063 or 23%) in addition to investment earnings.

As indicated by governmental program expenses, public safety programs account for approximately 44% of the total expenditures of the Township's governmental activities. General administration and Public Works account for approximately 13% and 27%, respectively, of the total expenditures for 2013. Culture & Recreation expenses accounted for 12% of the total. Lastly, interest expense accounted for 4% of the total governmental expenditures.

Real estate taxes, earned income tax and other general revenues not restricted or applicable to specific programs provide the major revenue sources for governmental activities. Real estate taxes and real estate transfer taxes provide approximately 32% and 5% of total revenues, respectively. The earned income tax and the local services tax provide 35% of the governmental revenues. The Township relies on these taxes to furnish the quality of life to citizens and businesses to which the Board of Supervisors has always been committed. Below are the last five years of Real Estate, Real Estate Transfer, Earned Income and Local tax receipts:

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Real Estate Tax	\$ 2,823,430	\$ 2,876,907	\$ 2,743,772	\$ 2,744,751	\$ 1,690,826
Transfer Tax	438,634	342,469	221,987	217,741	269,009
Earned Income Tax	2,826,882	2,788,334	2,614,619	2,527,890	2,459,426
Local Service Tax	287,717	261,154	276,977	288,759	248,935



Business-type Activities

Towamencin Township and Upper Gwynedd entered into a Joint Agreement resulting in the creation of the Upper Gwynedd-Towamencin Municipal Authority (UGTMA). The Authority is a joint venture, the purpose of which is to borrow money to finance the construction or acquisition of and operate sewer facilities, consisting of a sewage treatment plant and collection system. The Townships guarantee payment of bonds in proportion to their shares of the reserved capacity of the treatment plant to total treatment capacity. The treatment plant is operated by the Authority. Treatment plant operations are financed by Operating Service Charges paid by the Townships pursuant to the Service Agreement. The collection system is leased to the Townships. The construction of the facilities was and is being financed by government grants and the sale of Authority bonds. The Authority's debt service requirements are guaranteed by the Townships through payments of annual lease rentals and capital service charges under Lease and Service Agreements.

During 2013, UGTMA's capital improvements totaled \$325,700. Towamencin Township's 77.5% share of these expenses or \$252,417 was funded in part with \$38,295 tapping fees received during the year.

Residential properties in the Township pay sewer rent in the amount of \$325 per year or \$375 per year with a garbage disposal. Commercial properties are billed twice a year, in arrears, based on water usage. A connection/tapping fee assessed in accordance with recent state law modifications is charged when a new property ties into the system.

During 2013, the Township received tapping fees for 36 residential connections. The total amount received was \$24,336.

Financial Analysis of the Township's Funds

The Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2013, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending balances of \$1,777,459, a decrease of \$1,042,020 as compared to the prior year. A large part of this anticipated decrease was the use of funds to complete the Fischer's Park Improvement Project. Funding for the \$962,000 project came from a Keystone Recreation, Park and Conservation Grant and funds bequeathed by a Township Resident available for use in Fischer's Park only.

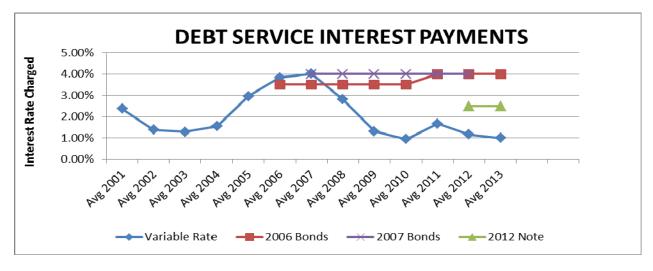
The **General Fund** is the chief operating fund of Towamencin Township. As of December 31, 2013, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,071,137. All of which is unassigned except for \$10,372 representing prepaid expenses. The fund balance decreased \$435,499 in fiscal year 2013. The anticipated decrease was \$728,300. Key factors attributing to the positive variance are as follows:

- Real Estate Transfer and Earned Income Tax revenues exceeded budgeted estimates by a total of \$454,840.
- Building and Zoning Permit revenue exceeded budget by \$105,000.
- The Code Enforcement and Planning and Zoning Departments incurred higher than anticipated expenses resulting from staffing changes however, the Police Department expenses were lower than budget due to decreased staffing levels during the year.
- General Liability and Workers Compensation Insurance premiums together with dividends and rate stabilization credits resulted in \$20,000 savings over budgeted estimates.

The **Traffic Impact Fund** was created in 1992 subsequent to the enactment of Act 209 of 1991. The impact fee is calculated upon (1) estimated peak afternoon trips generated by future development and (2) Township roadway improvements required to meet the increased demand of traffic. The Roadway Sufficiency Analysis, amended in 1996, resulted in the current per trip fee of \$2,198. These impact fees can be used to fund engineering, right-of-way acquisition and construction of traffic improvements in the Act 209 area. In 2013, the Township received impact fees of \$2,198 relating to the development of one lot in the Township.

The **Debt Service Fund** provides payment for all principal and interest on Township general obligation bonds and notes, and capital lease payments. In addition, a transfer is made to the Towamencin Township Infrastructure Authority equal to its annual debt service. A real estate tax (.807 mils) is assessed for this purpose.

The average variable rate of interest including the average monthly administration fee of .9% charged by the Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority (DVRFA) during 2013 was 1.0%. This rate applies to Notes issued in 2000 (\$7,365,000), 2002 (\$6,000,000) and 2012 (\$3,062,000) and 2013 (\$2,500,000).



As of December 31, 2013, the fund balance of the Debt Service Fund was \$18,085. This is the amount available for future debt service payments.

The **Towamencin Township Infrastructure Authority** is a component unit of the Township. The Authority is charged with projects by resolution of the Township. Its current responsibility is the engineering and right-of-way acquisition for the recently completed Forty Foot Road project. The Pennsylvania Department of Transportation (PennDOT) was responsible for construction.

Revenues in 2013 included \$37 in interest earnings, \$34,134 in reimbursements from PennDOT and transfers from the Township in the amount of \$705,357. Debt service of \$705,357 accounts for 95% of total expenditures. The remaining expenditures include legal and other professional fees of \$33,620.

In 2006, the Township Infrastructure Authority issued general revenue bonds in the amount of \$10,000,000, for the purpose of refunding two Guaranteed Project Notes issued in 2000. The Notes were refunded in January 2007. The interest rates range from 3.55% to 5.0%.

The **General Capital Fund** provides funding for major capital expenditures of the Township. Revenue is provided from an annual transfer from the General Fund, the sale of fixed assets and various grants. In 2013, the transfer from the general fund totaled \$160,000 and the sale of assets generated \$55,056. The Township entered into a lease purchase agreement to fund the purchase of two dump trucks, a new digital phone system and Munilogic permitting software. Additional purchases included a police patrol car and a sport utility vehicle, the upgrade of 21 mobile and 2 base radios and two public works pick-up trucks.

The **Park Capital Fund** provides funding for major capital expenditures of the Township. Revenue is provided from real estate taxes, grants, impact fees, and from the sale of fixed assets. There were no park projects undertaken in 2013 using Park Capital Funds. The Fischer's Park Improvement Project previously mentioned was funded from a Charitable Remainder Trust bequeathed by a Township Resident and a PA Community Conservation Partnership Program Grant (C2P2). This project was recorded separately in a Non Major Governmental Fund.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The statement comparing the Township's budget and actual results for the General Fund can be found on page 25.

Real Estate Transfer Taxes collected exceeded budget by 50% indicating that property sales in the Township are trending upward. Recorded property sales within the Township included two Industrial Warehouse properties and a Shopping Center. Transfer Taxes for these three properties accounted for 26% of the total taxes collected. Earned Income Tax collections also exceeded budget estimates by \$307,800. Building permits exceeded budget primarily due to the Thorndale Development.

The Township received a \$49,650 dividend from the Delaware Valley Insurance Trust for general liability and property insurance coverage. The dividend combined with other credits reduced the net cost of property insurance to \$24,166 for 2013. The 2013 expense was 38% lower than the 2012 net insurance cost.

Police department salaries were \$110,000 less than budgeted due to the retirement of an officer at the end of 2012 while the position was included in the 2013 budget. Also, the Police Department filled three vacant positions in mid-year; the salaries had been budgeted for the entire calendar year resulting in a lower departmental cost than anticipated. Also, an officer collected long term disability insurance for the entire calendar year which directly reduced the police wage expenses.

The Public Works department incurred fewer expenses for emergency road repairs and storm related damage than anticipated resulting in a \$19,000 savings for contracted services and \$11,600 savings in road materials.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2013 amounts to \$56,238,914 net of accumulated depreciation. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, sanitary sewer and land improvements.

	Governmental Activities					
	<u>2013</u>	2012				
Land	\$ 4,959,269	\$ 4,959,269				
Land and Improvements	5,980,643	5,980,643				
Building & Improvements	7,079,008	7,073,148				
Machinery & Equipment	2,073,014	2,026,889				
Vehicles	1,862,675	1,693,687				
Infrastructure	59,726,992	50,225,536				
Construction in Progress	-	9,501,456				
Total Capital Assets	81,681,601	81,460,628				
Less accumulated depreciation	(25,442,687)	(23,393,307)				
	\$ 56,238,914	\$ 58,067,321				

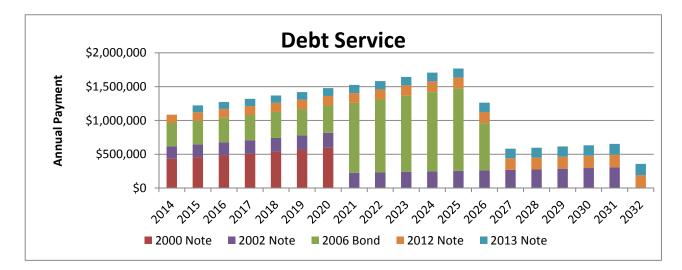
Major capital assets in the governmental funds acquired during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$ 41,067 Replace phone system
- \$ 377,122 Purchase 2 dump trucks and 2 pick-up trucks
- \$ 90,257 Purchase 2 patrol vehicles

Additional information about the Township's capital assets can be found in Note III on pages 45-46 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At year-end the Township had \$22,257,000 in outstanding bonds and notes compared to \$20,797,000 last year for governmental activities. The Infrastructure Authority's debt of \$8,950,000 is included in these amounts. During 2013, the Township issued \$2,500,000 Guaranteed Sewer Revenue Notes through DVRFA. The debt that is due within one year for governmental activities is \$1,085,000.

The Chart below outlines the payment structure of the outstanding bonds and notes for the Township and the Infrastructure Authority.



Additional information about the Township's long-term debt can be found in Note III on pages 46-49 of this report.

Economic Factors

Towamencin Township is comprised of 9.7 square miles in the middle of Montgomery County, approximately 30 miles northwest of Philadelphia. Towamencin has an estimated population of 17,700 and 6,800 households. Municipalities immediately adjacent to Towamencin Township include the Townships of Hatfield, Lower Salford, Upper Gwynedd, Worcester, Franconia, Skippack, and the Borough of Lansdale.

The top three major employers in the Township are:

- 1. North Penn School District
- 2. Greene Tweed & Company, Inc.
- 3. SKF USA, Inc.

The assessed valuations of the three largest taxpayers are:

 Towamencin Apt. Joint Venture Jacobs Woods Apartments 	\$ 26,381,000
 Souderton Industrial Development Authority Dock Woods Community, Inc Dock Terrace Nursing Home 	13,666,300
3. KBF Associates Forge Gate Apartments	8,750,000

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The elected officials of Towamencin Township consider many factors when establishing budget appropriations, tax rates and fee schedules. The 2014 real estate tax rate will remain the same as in 2013 and 2012. The homestead and farmstead exemptions of \$59,000 will remain unchanged. Therefore, a "typical" household with a \$150,000 real estate tax assessment will pay \$347 in real estate taxes. Approximately 4,600 homeowners in the Township participate in the homestead exemption program.

The sewer rental fee will change to a one-tier annual fee for 2014. The discount for no garbage disposal will be eliminated. Property owners with on-lot sewer systems will continue being charged \$35 annually to cover the costs of inspections required by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. For the past decade, the Township had been successful in receiving grant funds from DEP to offset the cost of inspections. In recent years, these grant funds have been continually declining. Consequently, the Board began collecting fees in 2012 to cover the cost of the program.

On the expense side, the Township plans to continue efforts to alleviate the Inflow and Infiltration (I&I) of storm water into the sanitary sewer treatment system. The 2014 budget provides \$200,000 for that purpose. Additional capital expenses include the purchase of police vehicles, a storm water pipe replacement and repairs to the municipal complex estimated at \$162,000.

Despite budgeting challenges created by the economic downturn, the Township expects to provide the same high level of services to its residents as in past years.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors a general overview of Towamencin Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the funds it received and disbursed. Requests for additional copies of this report, questions concerning any of the information in this report, and requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Robert A. Ford, Township Manager, Towamencin Township, P.O. Box 303, Kulpsville, PA 19443.

General information relating to Towamencin Township, Pennsylvania can be found at the Township's website www.towamencin.org.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2013

	Primary Government						
		overnmental Activities		isiness-Type Activities		Total	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,701,648	\$	2,246,766	\$	3,948,414	
Receivables		1,406,518		356,696		1,763,214	
Prepaid expenses		10,372		-		10,372	
Net pension asset		64,478		-		64,478	
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land		4,959,269		-		4,959,269	
Other capital assets (net of							
accumulated depreciation)		51,279,645		-		51,279,645	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	59,421,930	\$	2,603,462	\$	62,025,392	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	382,755	\$	42,634	\$	425,389	
Interest payable		74,452		-		74,452	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year		1,235,369		-		1,235,369	
Due after one year		20,014,034		2,500,000		22,514,034	
Total Liabilities		21,706,610		2,542,634		24,249,244	
NET POSITION							
Invested in capital assets, net							
of related debt		36,062,652		(2,500,000)		33,562,652	
Restricted for:							
Traffic		125,636		-		125,636	
Streets and highways		18,089		-		18,089	
Street lights		101		-		101	
Capital projects		105,149		-		105,149	
Fire		4,336		-		4,336	
Park and recreation		124,107		-		124,107	
Sewer system capital improvements		-		2,210,428		2,210,428	
Unrestricted		1,275,250		350,400		1,625,650	
Total Net Position	\$	37,715,320	\$	60,828	\$	37,776,148	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Program Revenues					
				0	perating		Capital
		C	harges for	Grants and		G	rants and
	 Expenses		Services		Contributions		ntributions
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 1,548,935	\$	189,092	\$	262,849	\$	-
Public Safety	5,197,158		454,640		153,562		-
Highways and Streets	3,211,191		-		410,798		34,134
Culture and Recreation	1,383,205		167,530		97,857		120,000
Interest Expense	 537,976		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities	 11,878,465		811,262		925,066		154,134
Business -Type Activities							
Sewer	 3,346,436		3,403,123		-		-
Total Business-Type Activities	 3,346,436		3,403,123				-
Total Primary Government	\$ 15,224,901	\$	4,214,385	\$	925,066	\$	154,134

General Revenues

Taxes:

Real Estate

Transfer

Earned Income Tax

Local Service Tax

Grants and Contributions not

Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Gain on Sale of Capital Assets Cable Fees

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning Net Position - Ending

		-	ense) Revenue es in Net Positi	4
	Primary G	ove	rnment	
	overnmental	В	usiness-Type	
	Activities		Activities	 Total
5	(1,096,994)	\$	-	\$ (1,096,994)
	(4,588,956)		-	(4,588,956)
	(2,766,259)		-	(2,766,259)
	(997,818)		-	(997,818)
	(537,976)		(24,108)	 (562,084)
	(9,988,003)		(24,108)	 (10,012,111)
	-		56,687	56,687
			56,687	 56,687
			50,007	 50,007
	(9,988,003)		32,579	 (9,955,424)
	2,823,430		-	2,823,430
	438,634		-	438,634
	2,826,882		-	2,826,882
	287,717		-	287,717
	17,221		-	17,221
	4,650		1,254	5,904
	52,320		-	52,320
	343,530		-	343,530
	191,794		-	191,794
	602,925		(602,925)	 -
	7,589,103		(601,671)	 6,987,432
	(2,398,900)		(569,092)	(2,967,992)
	40,114,220		629,920	 40,744,140
5	37,715,320	\$	60,828	\$ 37,776,148

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2013

		General	 Traffic Impact	 Debt Service	frastructure Authority
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,046,530	\$ 42,731	\$ 22,678	\$ 54,579
Accounts receivable		150,569	10,700	-	18,351
Taxes receivable		225,485	-	13,590	-
Prepaid expenses Due from other funds		10,372	-	-	-
		-	 3,913,601	 -	 -
Total Current Assets		1,432,956	 3,967,032	 36,268	 72,930
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,432,956	\$ 3,967,032	\$ 36,268	\$ 72,930
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued wages	\$	326,329	\$ -	\$ 7,270	\$ 725
Due to other funds		-	 -	 -	 3,913,601
Total Liabilities		326,329	 -	 7,270	 3,914,326
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	<u>,</u>	25 400		10,903	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		35,490	 		
Total Deferred filliows of Resources		35,490	 	 10,903	 -
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable		10,372	-	-	-
Restricted for:					
Streets and highways		-	-	-	-
Traffic		-	3,967,032	-	-
Capital projects		-	-	-	-
Street lights		-	-	-	-
Fire		-	-	-	-
Park and recreation		-	-	-	-
Committed for:					
Debt service		-	-	18,095	-
Public Art		-	-	-	-
Capital projects		-	-	-	-
Assigned for:					
Capital projects		-	-	-	-
Pool		-	-	-	-
Unassigned		1,060,765	 -	 -	 (3,841,396)
Total Fund Balances		1,071,137	 3,967,032	 18,095	 (3,841,396)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED					
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,432,956	\$ 3,967,032	\$ 36,268	\$ 72,930

Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds				
\$	535,130 74,270 8,252	\$ 1,701,648 253,890 247,327 10,372 <u>3,913,601</u> (126,828				
	617,652	6,126,838				
\$	617,652	\$ 6,126,838				
\$	48,431 - 48,431	\$ 382,755 <u>3,913,601</u> <u>4,296,356</u>				
	6,630 6,630	<u>53,023</u> 53,023				
	-	10,372				
	18,089 - 105,149 101 4,336 124,107	18,089 3,967,032 105,149 101 4,336 124,107				
	- 120,267 13,754	18,095 120,267 13,754				
	176,788	176,788				
	- - 562,591	(2,780,631) (2,777,459)				
\$	617,652	\$ 6,126,838				

<u>RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET FOR</u> <u>GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u>

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 16) are different because:		
Total fund balancestotal governmental funds (pages 19-20)		\$ 1,777,459
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are reported in the funds.		
Cost of capital assets	\$ 81,681,601	
Accumulated depreciation	(25,442,687)	56,238,914
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		929,364
Net position of the pension fund will be amortized over the long term		
and are reported in the statement of net assets		64,478
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental funds and thus are not included in fund balance		28,960
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		
Bonds and notes payable	(19,757,000)	
Compensated absences	(31,817)	
Net OPEB Obligation	(1,041,324)	
Capital lease payable	(431,593)	
Interest payable	(74,452)	
Unamortized bond discount	12,331	(21,323,855)
Net Position of governmental activities (page 16)		\$ 37,715,320

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	 General	 Traffic Impact		Debt Service		frastructure Authority
Revenues						
Taxes:						
Real estate tax	\$ 1,859,081	\$ -	\$	599,535	\$	-
Real estate transfer tax	438,634	-		-		-
Earned income tax	2,857,809	-		-		-
Local service tax	287,717	-		-		-
Fees, licenses and permits	346,460	-		-		-
Investment income and rent	42,812	22		80		37
Intergovernmental revenues	326,335	-		-		34,134
Fines and forfeitures	80,020	-		-		-
Charges for services	560,782	-		-		-
Other	60,189	2,198		-		741
Total Revenues	 6,859,839	 2,220		599,615		34,912
Expenditures Current:						
General government	975,379	_		_		30,745
Public safety	4,521,106	_		_		-
Highways and roads	918,755	_		_		-
Culture and recreation	5,000	-		_		-
Miscellaneous	275,423	_		_		2,876
Debt service:	275,125					2,070
Principal	-	-		875,300		330,000
Interest	-	-		164,509		375,357
Total Expenditures	 6,695,663	 -		1,039,809		738,978
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	 164,176	 2,220		(440,194)		(704,066)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from debt issuance	-	-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	-		-		-
Transfers in	427,925	-		1,125,629		705,357
Transfers out	 (1,027,600)	 (1,868)		(705,357)		-
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	 (599,675)	 (1,868)		420,272		705,357
Net Change in Fund Balances	(435,499)	352		(19,922)		1,291
Fund Balance - Beginning	 1,506,636	 3,966,680		38,017		(3,842,687)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,071,137	\$ 3,967,032	\$	18,095	\$	(3,841,396)

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 364,814 - - 471 620,874 - 167,530 204,972 1,358,661	\$ 2,823,430 438,634 2,857,809 287,717 346,460 43,422 981,343 80,020 728,312 268,100 8,855,247
590,337 318,126 356,647 1,243,964 - - 2,509,074	$1,596,461 \\ 4,839,232 \\ 1,275,402 \\ 1,248,964 \\ 278,299 \\ 1,205,300 \\ \underline{539,866} \\ 10,983,524 \\ \end{array}$
(1,150,413)	(2,128,277)
428,276 55,056 412,000 (333,161)	428,276 55,056 2,670,911 (2,067,986)
562,171	1,086,257
(588,242)	(1,042,020)
1,150,833	2,819,479
\$ 562,591	\$ 1,777,459

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in are different because:	n the statement of activities (page 17-18)		
Net change in fund balancestotal governm	nental funds (page 22-23).		\$ (1,042,020)
Governmental funds report capital outlays the statement of activities the cost of thos estimated useful lives and reported as de	se assets is allocated over their preciation expense.	¢ 504.445	
	pital outlay preciation expense	\$ 524,447 (2,350,116)	(1,825,669)
The effect of sales of capital assets is to de-			(2,738)
Revenues in the statement of activities that financial resources are not reported as re	-		(30,930)
The effect of any over funding of the pension of the net pension asset increases net asset	•		(6,008)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, resources to governmental funds, while the long-term debt consumes the current finan funds. Neither transaction, however, has governmental funds report the effect of is and similar items when debt is first issued deferred and amortized in the statement of net effect of these differences in the treat related items.	he repayment of the principal of incial resources of governmental any effect on net assets. Also, ssuance costs, premiums, discounts, d, whereas these amounts are of activities. This amount is the		
De Co Ne An Int	bt issuance impensated absences of OPEB obligation nortization of debt issuance costs erest payable payment of debt	(428,276) (5,301) (265,150) (949) 2,841 1,205,300	 508,465
Change in net position of governmental act	ivities (pages 17-18)		\$ (2,398,900)

<u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES</u> <u>IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL</u> <u>GENERAL FUND</u>

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	GENERAL FUND								
	Budgeted Amounts						iance with al Budget -		
	Original			Final		ACTUAL	Ove	er (Under)	
Revenues									
Taxes									
Real estate tax	\$	1,893,170	\$	1,893,170	\$	1,859,081	\$	(34,089)	
Real estate transfer tax		291,600		291,600		438,634		147,034	
Earned income tax		2,550,000		2,550,000		2,857,809		307,809	
Local service tax		275,000		275,000		287,717		12,717	
Fees, licenses and permits		345,200		345,200		346,460		1,260	
Investment income and rent		49,148		49,148		42,812		(6,336)	
Intergovernmental revenues		292,762		292,762		326,335		33,573	
Fines and forfeitures		87,000		87,000		80,020		(6,980)	
Charges for services		440,950		440,950		560,782		119,832	
Other		66,450		66,450		60,189		(6,261)	
Total Revenues		6,291,280		6,291,280		6,859,839		568,559	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		917,067		917,067		975,379		58,312	
Public safety		4,568,849		4,568,849		4,521,106		(47,743)	
Highways and roads		945,391		945,391		918,755		(26,636)	
Culture and recreation		8,375		8,375		5,000		(3,375)	
Miscellaneous		296,248		296,248		275,423		(20,825)	
Total Expenditures		6,735,930	_	6,735,930		6,695,663		(40,267)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		(444,650)		(444,650)		164,176		608,826	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		775,850		743,950		427,925		(316,025)	
Transfers out		(1,027,600)		(1,027,600)		(1,027,600)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(251,750)		(283,650)		(599,675)		(316,025)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(696,400)		(728,300)		(435,499)		292,801	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,506,636		1,506,636		1,506,636			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	810,236	\$	778,336	\$	1,071,137			

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2013

	Business-Type Activities - Proprietary Funds					
		Sewer	Sewer			
	Sewer	Capital	Note	Total		
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,319		\$ 2,238,895	\$ 2,246,766		
Accounts receivable	356,696		-	356,696		
Total Assets	\$ 360,015	\$ 4,552	\$ 2,238,895	\$ 2,603,462		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 9,615		\$ -	\$ 42,634		
Total Current Liabilities	9,615	33,019	-	42,634		
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Long-term note and bonds payable			2,500,000	2,500,000		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities			2,500,000	2,500,000		
Total Liabilities	9,615	33,019	2,500,000	2,542,634		
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-	-	(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)		
Restricted for capital improvements (Expendable)	-	(28,467)	,	2,210,428		
Unrestricted	350,400			350,400		
Total Net Position	\$ 350,400	<u>\$ (28,467)</u>	<u>\$ (261,105)</u>	<u>\$ 60,828</u>		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Business-Type Activities - Proprietary Funds						ls		
	Sewer				Sewer				
	Sewer			Capital		Note			
Operating Revenues									
Sewer service	\$	3,378,787	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,378,787	
Connection fees		-		24,336		-		24,336	
Total Operating Revenues		3,378,787		24,336		-		3,403,123	
Operating Expenses									
Sewer disposal		2,500,175		734,969		-		3,235,144	
Administration		5,888		105,404		-		111,292	
Total Operating Expenses		2,506,063		840,373		-		3,346,436	
Operating Income (Loss) before transfers		872,724		(816,037)				56,687	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expense)									
Net earnings on investments		205		607		442		1,254	
Interest expense		(24,108)		-		-		(24,108)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expense)		(23,903)		607		442		(22,854)	
Net Income (Loss) before transfers		848,821		(815,430)		442		33,833	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Interfund transfers in		13,947		480,600		-		494,547	
Interfund transfers out		(660,925)		(175,000)		(261,547)		(1,097,472)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(646,978)		305,600		(261,547)		(602,925)	
Change in Net Position		201,843		(509,830)		(261,105)		(569,092)	
Net Position - Beginning		148,557	_	481,363				629,920	
Net Position - Ending	\$	350,400	\$	(28,467)	\$	(261,105)	\$	60,828	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2013

	Proprietary Fund Types							
		Sewer		Sewer Capital		Sewer Note		Total
Cash flows from operating activities								
Cash received from customers	\$	3,459,531	\$	24,336	\$	-	\$	3,483,867
Cash paid to suppliers		(2,504,216)		(825,589)		-		(3,329,805)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		955,315		(801,253)				154,062
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Proceeds from debt issuance		-		-		2,500,000		2,500,000
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	-		-		2,500,000		2,500,000
Cash flows from investing activities								
Proceeds from sale of investments		-		200,000		-		200,000
Interest payments		(24,108)		-		-		(24,108)
Investment income		205		607		442		1,254
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(23,903)		200,607		442		177,146
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities								
Operating transfers to/from other funds, net		(646,978)		305,600		(261,547)		(602,925)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	_	(646,978)		305,600		(261,547)		(602,925)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		284,434		(295,046)		2,238,895		2,228,283
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		(281,115)		299,598		-		18,483
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,319	\$	4,552	\$	2,238,895	\$	2,246,766

Reconciliation of Net Operating Income (Loss)

to Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities

Net operating income (loss)	\$ 872,724	\$ (816,037) \$	-	\$ 56,687
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities				
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in receivables	80,744	-	-	80,744
Increase (decrease) in payables	 1,847	 14,784	-	 16,631
Net adjustments	 82,591	 14,784	-	 97,375
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 955,315	\$ (801,253) \$		\$ 154,062

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2013

	Pension				Total				
	Trust Funds		Agency Funds			Fiduciary Funds			
<u>ASSETS</u>									
Current Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	898,735	\$	778,327	\$	1,677,062			
Receivables		1,476		1,057		2,533			
Investments									
Certificates of deposit		751,554		-		751,554			
Corporate bonds		203,815		-		203,815			
Mutual Funds-equity		155,000		-		155,000			
Common stocks		8,863,027		-		8,863,027			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,873,607	\$	779,384	\$	11,652,991			
<u>LIABILITIES</u>									
Payables	\$	1,771	\$	-	\$	1,771			
Escrow Payable				779,384		779,384			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,771		779,384		781,155			
<u>NET POSITION</u> Restricted for									
Pension benefits		10,871,836				10,871,836			
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	10,871,836	\$		\$	10,871,836			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Pension Trust
Additions	Funds
Contributions	
Member contributions	\$ 109,360
Employer contributions	654,259
State contributions	252,483
Total Contributions	1,016,102
Investment Earnings	
Net appreciation (depreciation) in	
fair value of investments	1,815,347
Investment earnings	349,106
Total Investment Earnings	2,164,453
Less investment expense	(56,375)
Net Investment Earnings	2,108,078
Total Additions	3,124,180
Deductions	
Benefits	719,310
Miscellaneous expense	16,650
Actuary fees	13,030
Total Deductions	748,990
Change in Net Position	2,375,190
Net Position Restricted for Pension benefits:	
Beginning of Year	8,496,646
End of Year	\$ 10,871,836

I. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u>

A. Reporting entity

Towamencin Township (the "Township") was created in 1728 and operates under the Second Class Township Code as prescribed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Township's major services include safety, health and welfare, fire protection, parks and recreation, and general administration.

For financial reporting purposes, Towamencin Township's primary government includes all departments and agencies, bureaus, boards, commissions and certain authorities that make up the Township's legal entity. The Township's reporting entity also is comprised of its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the Township's elected officials are financially accountable.

Financial accountability is defined in GASB Statement No. 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB No. 39. The Township is financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's board and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization; or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the Township. The Township also may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the Township regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government or a jointly appointed board.

Blended Component Units

Some component units, despite being legally separate from the primary government (Township), are intertwined with the primary government and are reported as part of the primary government. The Towamencin Township has two blended component units.

The Towamencin Township Infrastructure Authority (the "Infrastructure Authority") is considered a component unit of the Township. The Infrastructure Authority is a public corporation incorporated on January 9, 1997 by Towamencin Township under the authority of the Municipal Authorities Act of 1945. The Infrastructure Authority is a financing authority for the purpose of undertaking certain projects specified from time to time by resolution or ordinance of the Township's governing body. The Township provides, at a nominal charge, office space and personnel for use by the Infrastructure Authority.

I. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u> (Continued)

A. Reporting entity (continued)

The Towamencin Authority is considered a component unit of the Township. The Towamencin Authority is a public corporation incorporated on March 3, 1998 by Towamencin Township under the authority of the Municipal Authorities Act of 1945. The Towamencin Authority is organized for the purpose of undertaking certain projects, associated with land owned or leased by Towamencin Township, which have been specified from time to time by resolution or ordinance of the Township's governing body. The Township provides, at a nominal charge, office space and personnel for use by the Towamencin Authority.

Complete financial statements for the individual component units may be obtained at the Township's administrative offices.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

Government-wide

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. These statements excluded fiduciary activities such as pension and agency funds.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* as further defined under proprietary funds below. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements included reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each different identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the Township and for each governmental program. Expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service or program and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Township.

I. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u> (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Government-wide (continued)

Internal activity is limited to interfund transfers, which are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations. The net position restricted for other purposes result from the sewer capital projects fund and the restrictions on their net position use.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements report detailed information about the Township. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on a major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. The five major governmental funds are each presented in a single column on the governmental fund financial statements. Fiduciary fund financial statements are presented by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the *modified accrual basis of accounting* and the *current financial resources measurement focus*. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Major governmental funds of the Township include the general fund, the traffic impact fund, the Infrastructure Authority fund, and the debt service fund. All other governmental funds are grouped together and presented in a separate column as nonmajor governmental funds. They include the highway aid fund, parks and recreation fund, fire fund, street light fund, park capital fund, public arts fund, pool fund, general capital fund, Towamencin Authority fund, and Fischer's park fund.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *Traffic Impact* is maintained to account for the accumulation of resources for acquisition of fixed assets.
- The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for proceeds of special revenue sources that are restricted to the repayment of debt.

I. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u> (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

• The *Infrastructure Authority Fund* accounts for proceeds of special revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for construction of infrastructure capital assets.

The Township reports the following proprietary funds:

- The *Sewer Fund* is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Sewer Fund accounts for the Township's sewer system. The *Sewer Capital Fund* accounts for accumulation of resources to pay for capital improvements for the sewer operations. The *Sewer Note Fund* accounts for the proceeds of the guaranteed sewer note 2013 and related expenditure.
- The Township, specifically its Sewer Fund, leases the sewage collection system, located within its geographic boundaries, from the Upper Gwynedd-Towamencin Municipal Authority (UGTMA). The Sewer Fund operates the sewer system and charges the owners of each property connected to the sewer system rents which shall be sufficient to pay (1) the rentals under the lease, (2) UGTMA service charges and operating expenses under the service agreement, and (3) Sewer Fund operating expenses. UGTMA has agreed, pursuant to the service agreement, to treat and dispose of the sewage received from the sewage collection system.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

- The *Pension Trust Fund* accounts for the activities of the Police and Non-Uniformed Pension plans, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.
- The *Agency Fund* accounts for monies held by the Township on a purely custodial basis. Assets in the agency fund equal liabilities.

I. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u> (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

In applying the "susceptible to accrual concept" under the modified accrual basis, revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers property and earned income tax revenue to be available if collected within 30 days of the end of the fiscal period. Revenues for state and federally funded projects are recognized at the time all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Township must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Township on a reimbursement basis.

Revenue Recognition

Property tax and earned income tax receivables collected after 30 days from year end, though measurable, are not available soon enough in the subsequent year to finance current period obligations. Therefore, property and earned income tax receivables are recorded and deferred until they become available.

Other revenues, including certain other charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they generally are not measurable until actually received.

Expenditure Recognition

The Measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt which has not matured are recognized when paid. Further, as provided in GASB Interpretation No. 6 "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements," certain governmental fund liabilities and expenditures, such as for compensated absences, are recognized to the extent the liabilities mature (come due for payment) each period. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the *accrual basis of accounting*. These funds account for operations that are financed primarily by user charges. The *economic resource focus* concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

I. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u> (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Proprietary Funds (continued)

Allocations of certain costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. The Township's only proprietary funds are enterprise funds. These funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Township's enterprise funds are sewer fees. Operating expenses for the Township's enterprise funds are sever fees. All revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or fund balance

1. Deposits and investments

The Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

With the exception of Pension Trust Funds, state law allows the government to invest in obligations of the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any agency or instrumentality of either, which are secured by the full faith and credit of such entity. The law also allows for the Government to invest in certificates of deposit of banks, savings and loans, and savings banks both within and outside the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, provided such amounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or other like insurance, and that deposits in excess of such insurance are collateralized by the depository.

The state also imposes limitations with respect to the amount of investment in certificates of deposit to the extent that such deposits may not exceed 20% of a bank's total capital surplus or 20% of savings and loan's or savings bank's assets, net of its liabilities. The government may also invest in shares of registered investment companies, provided that investments of the Company are authorized investments, as noted above.

I. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u> (Continued)

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or fund balance (continued)

1. Deposits and investments (continued)

The law provides that the government's Pension Trust Funds may invest in any form or type of investment, financial instrument, or financial transaction if determined by the government to be prudent.

Investments for the Township, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

2. *Receivables and payables*

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion on interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the entity-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. At December 31, 2013, all tax receivables were deemed to be fully collectible. There is no tax receivable allowance due to the materiality of the outstanding receivables.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are billed March 1 and payable under the following terms: a 2% discount March 1 through April 30; face amount May 1 through June 30; and a 10% penalty after July 1. Any unpaid bills at December 31 are subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

Other taxes levied in 2013 were Real Estate Transfer Taxes.

3. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, land and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the entity-wide financial statements as well as in the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

I. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u> (Continued)

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or fund balance (continued)

3. Capital assets (continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed, inclusive of ancillary costs.

Property, plant and equipment of the Township are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvement	10-50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Land improvements	10-45 years
Infrastructure	10-70 years

4. Compensated absences

It is the Township's policy to permit certain employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and comp time. The accumulation is subject to terms discussed in the collective bargaining agreements. Vacation and comp time is accrued when earned.

5. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, longterm debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. If bond premiums or discounts exist, they are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of any applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Any premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

I. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u> (Continued)

- C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or fund balance (continued)
- 6. Net position and fund balance

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of Net Position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance of this category.

Restricted net position - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - This category represents net position of the entity, not restricted for any project or other purpose. Governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.

Restricted Fund Balance - includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resources providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed Fund Balance - includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Township's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Township taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution and ordinance).

I. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u> (Continued)

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or fund balance (continued)

6. Net position and fund balance (continued)

Assigned Fund Balance - includes amounts intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Board of Supervisors or (b) a body (a budget, finance committee, or Township Manager and Finance Director) to which the assigned amounts are to be used for specific purposes. Assigned amounts also include all residual amounts in governmental funds (except negative amounts) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance - this residual classification is used for all negative fund balances in Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service funds; or any residual amounts in the General Fund.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. In all cases, encumbrance amounts have been assigned for specific purposes for which resources already have been allocated.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The Township has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

I. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u> (Continued)

C. Assets, liabilities, and net position or fund balance (continued)

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The government-wide statements do not report any unavailable revenues.

8. Use of estimates in the preparation of financial statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

A. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis of accounting for all Township funds, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Board of Township Supervisors each year, at least 30 days prior to adoption of the annual budget, begins preparation of a proposed budget for all funds for the fiscal year, which commences on the first day of January of each year, and by resolution appropriates, out of the revenues available for the year, the specific sums required as shown by the budget as finally adopted. The total appropriation shall not exceed the revenues estimated as available for the fiscal year. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

Upon preparation of proposed budget, the Supervisors give public notice by advertisement in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the Township that the proposed budget will be available for public inspection. After the budget has been available for public inspection for 20 days, the Supervisors adopt the budget not later than the 31^{st} day of December.

II. <u>Stewardship, compliance, and accountability</u> (Continued)

A. Budgetary information (continued)

The Supervisors may at any time by resolution make supplemental appropriations for any lawful purposes from any funds on hand or estimated to be received within the fiscal year and not otherwise appropriated, including the proceeds of any borrowing authorized by law. The Board of Supervisors adopted four resolutions during 2013 amending the 2013 budget.

Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted. Unexpended budget amounts lapse at the end of the year. The Supervisors may take specific action to reserve or designate fund equity.

During the month of January, following any municipal election, the Supervisors may amend the budget and levy and tax rate to conform to its amended budget. Any amended budget must be adopted by the Township Supervisors on or before the 15^{th} day of February.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders) outstanding at year end lapse.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2013, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the general government category in the general fund by \$58,312.

C. Deficit fund balance

As of December 31, 2013, an accumulated deficit fund balance of \$3,841,396 exists in the Towamencin Township Infrastructure Fund. The deficit will be eliminated when the assets are transferred to the Township.

III. Detailed notes on all funds

A. Deposits and investments

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government's policy is to require their banking institution to provide a letter stating that they follow the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Act 72, where all funds in excess of federal depository insurance limits held by the bank are collateralized in public funds secured on a pooled basis. At December 31, 2013, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$3,948,414 and the bank balance was \$3,956,551. Of the bank balance, \$632,511 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,324,040 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and the collateral held by the depository's agent was not in the Township's name.

Although not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and not subject to regulatory oversight, PLGIT acts like a money market mutual fund in that its objective is to maintain a stable net position value of \$1 per share, is rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. These funds are considered cash equivalents and are included above.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The risks of default are eliminated due to the constraints imposed upon allowable investment instruments by the Township's investment policy and through state limitations as discussed in Note I, C, 1.

As of December 31, 2013, the Township had the following investments and maturities:

				Maturitie	s in Y	ears
	Maturity Dates	-	Fair Value	<u>< 1 year</u>	1	-5 years
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS						
Externally Pooled Investments	2014	\$	77,433	\$ 77,433	\$	-
Total Governmental Funds		\$	77,433	\$ 77,433	\$	-
FIDUCIARY FUNDS						
Cash and short term investments	n/a	\$	1,677,062	\$ -	\$	-
Certificates of deposit	2014-2018		751,554	527,652		223,902
Corporate bonds	2017-2020		203,815	-		203,815
Common stocks	n/a		155,000	-		-
Mutual Funds-equity	n/a		8,863,027	 -		-
Total Fiduciary Funds		\$	11,650,458	\$ 527,652	\$	427,717

III. Detailed notes on all funds (Continued)

A. Deposits and investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk. This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. The Township adopted an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits the investment of governmental funds as described in Section 1, Note C. The government has a formal investment policy for credit risk. The government's investments in the external investment pool was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. There were no investments greater than 5% in any one single issuer that would be considered a concentration of credit risk for the government.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds, nonmajor funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

								N	onmajor			
				Debt	Traffic	Infi	rastructure	ar	nd Other	Fi	iduciary	
	General	Sewer	2	Service	Impact	A	uthority		Funds		Funds	Total
Receivables:												
Taxes	\$ 225,485	\$ -	\$	13,590	\$ -	\$	-	\$	8,252	\$	-	\$ 247,327
Accounts	150,569	356,696		-	10,700		18,351		74,270		2,533	613,119
Contributions	 -	 -		-	 _		-		-		-	 -
Total Receivables	\$ 376,054	\$ 356,696	\$	13,590	\$ 10,700	\$	18,351	\$	82,522	\$	2,533	\$ 860,446

III. <u>Detailed notes on all funds</u> (Continued)

C. Capital assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Government-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,959,269	\$ -	\$ - 3	\$ 4,959,269
Construction in progress	9,501,456		(9,501,456)	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	14,460,725		(9,501,456)	4,959,269
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	5,980,643	-	-	5,980,643
Buildings and improvements	7,073,148	5,860	-	7,079,008
Machinery and equipment	2,026,889	74,658	(28,533)	2,073,014
Vehicles	1,693,687	443,929	(274,941)	1,862,675
Infrastructure	50,225,536	9,501,456	- (202.474)	59,726,992
Total capital assets, being depreciated	66,999,903	10,025,903	(303,474)	76,722,332
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	1,179,125	132,142	-	1,311,267
Buildings and improvements	2,000,138	146,876	-	2,147,014
Machinery and equipment	1,468,249	125,460	(28,533)	1,565,176
Vehicles	1,350,160	159,792	(272,203)	1,237,749
Infrastructure	17,395,635	1,785,846		19,181,481
Total accumulated depreciation	23,393,307	2,350,116	(300,736)	25,442,687
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	43,606,596	7,675,787	(2,738)	51,279,645
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 58,067,321	\$ 7,675,787	<u>\$ (9,504,194)</u>	\$ 56,238,914
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 36,372	\$ -	\$ - 5	\$ 36,372
Total capital assets, being depreciated	36,372		·	36,372
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Machinery and equipment	36,372	-	-	36,372
Total accumulated depreciation	36,372			36,372
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net				
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ <u>-</u>

III. <u>Detailed notes on all funds</u> (Continued)

C. Capital assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the Township as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Administrative	\$ 188,138
Police and emergency services	82,076
Public works, including depreciation of general infrastructure	
except park systems	1,945,661
Parks, including depreciation related to park systems	 134,241
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,350,116
Business-type activities:	
Sewer	\$ -
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$

D. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

	Due From	Due To
	Other Funds	Other Funds
Infrastructure Authority	\$ -	\$ 3,913,601
Traffic Impact	3,913,601	
Total	\$ 3,913,601	\$ 3,913,601
Interfund balances are primarily the result of:		

(1) Reimbursement of Expenses

	Transfers In			ansfers Out
General	\$	427,925	\$	1,027,600
Debt Service		1,125,629		705,357
Infrastructure Authority		705,357		-
Traffic Impact		-		1,868
Non major		412,000		333,161
Sewer		13,947		660,925
Sewer Capital		480,600		175,000
Sewer Note		-		261,547
Total	\$	3,165,458	\$	3,165,458
Interfund transforg are primarily the regult of				

Interfund transfers are primarily the result of:

(1) Reimbursement of Expenses

III. Detailed notes on all funds (Continued)

E. Long term debt

General Obligation Notes and Bonds

The government issues general obligation notes and bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of facilities and the purchase of equipment and open space. General obligation notes and bonds have been issued for the governmental activities only. The original amount of notes and bonds issued was \$26,427,000. In 2013, the government issued a guaranteed sewer note to be used for capital expenditures in the sewer fund. The original amount of the notes issued was \$2,500,000.

General obligation notes and bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These notes and bonds are generally issued as 20-30 year serial notes and bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year.

General obligation notes and bonds and guaranteed sewer notes currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	
Purpose	Rates	Amount
Governmental activities	1.2% to 5.0%	\$ 19,757,000
Business activities	1.0% to 4.0%	\$ 2,500,000

Interest Rate Management: The Township has notes outstanding with Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority (DVRFA) as described below. The DVRFA has issued bonds to provide funds for these loans and has entered into interest rate swap agreements with Bank of America (BANA) and Citibank. The objective is to reduce the costs to participants in the DVRFA Loan Program and to enhance the ability of participants to manage their interest rate risks. The interest rate swaps serve as hedges against swings in the cash flows that would be required to repay outstanding debt.

Terms: The significant terms of the interest rate swap was as follows:

						Rate in	
	Date of	Maturity	1	Principal	Type of	effect	Market
Description	Issue	Date	<u>0</u>	utstanding	Note	at year end	Value
GO Note	2000	2020	\$	3,570,000	Variable	0.998%	\$ 468,696
GO Note	2002	2031		4,295,000	Variable	0.998%	563,879
GO Note	2012	2032		2,942,000	Fixed	2.486%	535,495
Guaranteed Sewer Notes	2013	2033		2,500,000	Variable	0.998%	328,218

III. Detailed notes on all funds (Continued)

E. Long term debt (continued)

Interest Rate Risk: The Township has the option under the loan agreements to pay a variable rate of interest or a fixed rate. If the Township elects the variable rate, the interest rate, based upon the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association Municipal Swap Index (the "Municipal Swap Index"), adjusts weekly with a maximum interest rate of 15%. If the Township elects a fixed rate, the rate, with terms and conditions selected by the Township, would be set based upon the fixed rate swap market at that time with a new confirm executed by DVRFA under the DVRFA Swap Agreement. The Township has the option to convert all or a portion of the variable rate notes to a fixed rate at any time to mitigate the exposure to changes in interest rates.

Basis Risk: The Township does not have a basis risk.

Credit Risk: The Township is exposed to credit risk on the swaps only when their fair values are negative or liabilities. At December 31, 2013, the swap had a positive fair value and the maximum amount of loss due to credit risk is zero. The long term unsecured, senior debt ratings of DVRFA are currently A2 and A+ by Moody's and Standards & Poor's, respectively.

Termination Risk: The Township is obligated to pay any Termination Payment associated with the portion of the DVRFA Swap Agreement allocable to the applicable note. A Termination Payment may be incurred due to the termination of all or a portion of the DVRFA Swap Agreement with the mutual consent of DVRFA, BANA, Citibank, and the Township. These termination payments could be triggered in the event of (i) a payment default by the Township under the Loan Agreement, (ii) a payment default by DVRFA, BANA, or Citibank under the DVRFA Swap Agreement, (iii) the occurrence of events that may precipitate a payment default by DVRFA, BANA, or Citibank or (iv) the downgrading of the long term, unsecured, senior debt ratings of BANA, Citibank, or DVRFA. In all instances of termination, except a payment default on a note converted to a fixed rate, DVRFA would seek to replace the DVRFA Swap Agreement with a new interest rate swap agreement with similar terms and conditions. The amount of the Termination Payment is determined by the market value of the DVRFA Swap Agreement; therefore, the cost or income of the replacement swap should offset the cost or income from the Termination Payment.

DVRFA may not be able to secure the replacement interest rate swap if the swap market is not functioning normally or if DVRFA does not have access to the swap market. If DVRFA was obligated to make a payment and sufficient funds were not available, DVRFA could access each borrower its allocable share of the termination payment. The estimated Termination Payment (i.e., the market value) for the DVRFA Swap Agreement allocable to the Township debt as of December 31, 2013, is shown in the table on the previous page. In the event of a Termination Payment, DVRFA would assess the net loss, if any, to the Township. Any net gain on the Termination Payment allocable to variable rate Notes would be retained by DVRFA.

III. Detailed notes on all funds (Continued)

E. Long term debt (continued)

F 1'

x 7

Rollover Risk: This is the risk that the derivative does not last as long as the associated debt is outstanding. There is rollover risk on the interest rate swaps only to the extent that the swaps may be terminated prior to the maturity of the debt, as described above. Absent a termination event, the swap is scheduled to mature at the same time as the related debt.

Market Access Risk: The Township does not have this risk.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt, as of December 31, 2013, are as follows:

Year Ending				
December 31	 Principal		Interest	 Total
2014	\$ 1,085,000	\$	513,788	\$ 1,598,788
2015	1,122,000		492,350	1,614,350
2016	1,170,000		470,196	1,640,196
2017	1,214,000		446,945	1,660,945
2018	1,261,000		422,757	1,683,757
2019-2023	7,055,000		1,629,480	8,684,480
2024-2028	5,226,000		478,432	5,704,432
2029-2032	 1,624,000		64,551	 1,688,551
	\$ 19,757,000	\$	4,518,499	\$ 24,275,499

Governmental Activities

Business Type Activities

Year Ending				
December 31	Principal		 Interest	 Total
2014	\$	-	\$ 62,150	\$ 62,150
2015		100,000	62,150	162,150
2016		103,000	59,664	162,664
2017		106,000	57,103	163,103
2018		109,000	54,468	163,468
2019-2023		594,000	230,129	824,129
2024-2028		690,000	151,646	841,646
2029-2032		798,000	 60,559	 858,559
	\$	2,500,000	\$ 737,869	\$ 3,237,869

III. Detailed notes on all funds (Continued)

E. Long term debt (continued)

Capital Leases

Certain equipment has been acquired under capital lease obligations to third-party lessor. The liabilities incurred through such arrangements are accounted for in the entity-wide statements as capital leases payable.

The following is an analysis of the leased assets included in property and equipment as of December 31, 2013:

Vehicles and equipment	\$ 1,174,386
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (518,008)
	\$ 656,378

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the lease obligation with their present value as of December 31, 2013:

Year Ending December 31	Govern				ernmental Activities			
	Principal		Interest			Total		
2014	\$	150,369	\$	9,768	\$	160,137		
2015		153,846		6,291		160,137		
2016		62,912		2,733		65,645		
2017		64,466		1,381		65,847		
Total value of minimum lease payments	\$	431,593	\$	20,173		451,766		
Less: amount representing interest						(20,173)		
Present value of minimum lease payments					\$	431,593		

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	I	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:						
Notes and bonds payable	\$ 20,797,000	\$ -	\$	1,040,000	\$ 19,757,000	\$ 1,085,000
Discount on debt	(13,280)	949		-	(12,331)	-
Capital leases	168,617	428,276		165,300	431,593	150,369
OPEB obligation	776,174	377,888		112,738	1,041,324	-
Compensated absences	 26,516	 5,301		-	 31,817	
Long-term liabilities	\$ 21,755,027	\$ 812,414	\$	1,318,038	\$ 21,249,403	\$ 1,235,369
Business Type activities:						
Notes payable	\$ -	\$ 2,500,000	\$	-	\$ 2,500,000	\$ -

IV. Other information

A. Risk management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Township carries commercial insurance.

The Township participates in a public entity risk pool (Delaware Valley Insurance Trust – DVIT) operated as a common risk management and insurance program for municipalities. DVIT retains the first \$250,000 of each general liability, police professional liability and automobile liability and assumes the first \$100,000 of each first-party property loss. Reinsurance coverage is through commercial companies. DVIT also serves as group purchaser of boiler and machinery and crime and public officials' policies for its members. The calculation of premium contributions, loss assessments and any redistribution or surplus is predicated on each participant's individual loss history. An experience modification factor is applied to annual membership contributions. The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$73,816. The Township also paid a \$1,490 deductible for coverage in 2013. The pooling agreement permits the pool to make additional assessments to its members. At December 31, 2013 there were no additional assessments due or anticipated. Instead the pool declared a dividend of which Towamencin Township's share was \$49,650.

The Township is also a member of the Delaware Valley Workers' Compensation Trust (DVWCT), a risk retention pool. The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$114,276. The Trust declared a dividend in 2013. Towamencin Township's share of the dividend distribution was \$15,152. During 2013, the Township received an additional sum of \$3,905 resulting from an audit of the 2012 payroll. At December 31, 2013, there were no additional assessments due or anticipated. Instead, an audit of the reported 2013 payroll will be performed during the first quarter of 2014.

The Township is also a member of the Delaware Valley Health Insurance Trust, a risk retention pool. The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$627,181 for medical coverage and \$64,677 for dental coverage.

The Township continues to carry insurance for all other risks of loss, except unemployment compensation. The Township is a reimbursable employer under section 1202.2(a) of the Pennsylvania Unemployment Compensation Law. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year in any of the Township's policies.

Settled claims resulting from all risks have not exceeded commercial and DVIT insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

IV. <u>Other information</u> (Continued)

B. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

In the normal course of business, there are various relatively minor claims and suits pending against the Township, none of which materially affect the financial position of the Township.

In anticipation of infrastructure improvements, properties have been acquired along Sumneytown Pike and Forty Foot Road. One property acquisition is still in the process of being resolving just compensation. The condemnation proceeded to a Board of View, which awarded an additional sum of approximately \$10,000. The Condemnee appealed the matter to the Court of Common Pleas of Montgomery County and has submitted appraisal reports claiming additional damages in the amount of \$985,000. It is unlikely that the parties will be able to resolve this dispute so it is therefore anticipated that this case will proceed to trial some time in 2015. No definitive opinion can be expressed regarding the likelihood of the outcome at trial.

The Infrastructure Authority, pursuant to a Reimbursement Agreement with PennDOT, was obligated to pay 10% of the estimated just compensation and any additional compensation as these acquisitions either amicably or by condemnation were completed. At this point, legal counsel is unable to estimate the amount of additional costs to be incurred by the Infrastructure Authority for legal fees, appraisal fees, engineers fees, land planners fees, etc. for all of the Infrastructure Authority's acquisitions relating to this project.

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans

The Township offers two single-employer defined benefit plans to its employees. The Towamencin Township Police Pension Plan (the "Police Pension Plan") and the Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan (the "Non-Uniformed Pension Plan) are public-employee defined benefit retirement systems managed and administered by the Township's Board of Supervisors to provide benefits for police and non-uniformed employees.

Membership of each plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2013, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

IV. Other information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

		Non
	Police	<u>Uniform</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving	15	12
Terminated employees entitled to benefits not yet receiving them	-	7
Active employees	21	22
Total membership	36	41

Towamencin Township Police Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits, to full-time police employees who receive an honorable discharge or to their beneficiaries. All benefits vest after 12 years of credited service. Employees who retire at or after age 50 and with 25 years of credited service are entitled to a monthly retirement benefit, payable for life, in an amount equal to 50 percent of their average gross W-2 compensation received during the last 36 months of employment. If a police employee leaves covered employment after completing 12 years of total service, for reason other than being terminated for conviction of a felony or crime, that employee will retain a non-forfeitable right to a percentage of his/her accrued benefit, based on years of service. Such pension or retirement benefits shall be paid on the date the employee reaches retirement age.

The authorities under which obligations to contribute to the Police Pension Plan by the plan members, employer or other contributing entities are established or may be amended include Act 600 and Act 205 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and Towamencin Township Ordinances. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Funding Policy

As a condition of participation each member may contribute to the Plan up to five percent of earnings. For 2013, the rate of member contributions was 5 percent. If an actuarial study shows that the condition of the Plan is such that payments may be reduced below the minimum percentages or eliminated, the Township may, on an annual basis, by resolution, reduce or eliminate payments into the Police Plan by participants.

The Police Pension Plan also is funded by annual entitlements received from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and contributions from the Township.

IV. Other information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Position Matters

Basis of Accounting

Pension Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed.

Method Used to Value Investments

Pension Plan equity securities are reported at market value. Fixed income securities are reported at market value, investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges of fixed income securities are recognized on the transaction date. Market related value of assets is used to determine the indicated contribution.

Towamencin Township Non-Uniformed Employee Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits to full-time nonuniformed employees of the Township or to their beneficiaries. All benefits vest after 10 years of credited service. Employees who retire at or after age 65 and with 10 years of credited service are entitled to a monthly retirement benefit, payable for life, in an amount equal to two percent of their average compensation received during the last 36 months of employment multiplied by total years of service, not to exceed 25 years. Employees with 15 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. If an employee leaves covered employment after completing five years of total service, for reasons other than retirement or death, the participant will retain a non-forfeitable right to a percentage of his/her accrued benefit, based on years of service. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

The authority under which obligations to contribute to the Plan by the plan members, employer and other contributing entities are established or may be amended includes Act 205 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and Towamencin Ordinances.

IV. Other information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

Funding Policy

The Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan is funded by contributions from Towamencin Township and annual payments received from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania relating to monies received from taxes for the purposes of pension, retirement or disability benefits for employees, No mandatory employee contributions are required to participate in the Non-Uniform Pension Plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

Pension Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed.

Method Used to Value Investments

Pension Plan equity securities are reported at market value. Fixed income securities are reported at market value, investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges of fixed income securities are recognized on the transaction date. Market related value of assets is used to determine the indicated contribution.

Funded Status and Funding Progress Non-Uniform and Police Pension Plans

The funded status of each plan as of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

							Actuarial	
		Actuarial			Unfunded		Projected	Liability
	Actuarial	Accrued			Actuarial		Annual	as a
	Value of	Liability	Percentage	Accrued		Covered		Percentage
	Net Assets	Obligation	Funded	Funded I		bility Payrol		of Payroll
Police Pension Plan	\$ 6,576,414	\$ 10,210,046	64.4%	\$	3,633,632	\$	1,965,658	184.9%
Non Uniform Plan	1,866,029	2,473,449	75.4%		607,420		1,165,397	52.1%

IV. Other information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liability for benefits.

The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Contributions Required and Contributions Made

The Police and Non-Uniform Pension Plans funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Level percentage of payroll employer contribution rates is determined using the entry age normal actuarial funding method as required by Pennsylvania Act 205. Both Pension Plans use a method defined by Act 205 to amortize the unfunded liability over a defined period.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The Township's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Pension Plans for the current year were as follows:

	<u>Non Uniform</u>		Police
Annual required contribution	\$	154,148	\$ 752,594
Interest on net pension obligation		(1,646)	(4,598)
Adjustments to annual required contribution		2,256	 9,996
Annual pension cost		154,758	757,992
Contributions made		(154,148)	 (752,594)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation		610	5,398
Net pension obligation (asset) at beginning of year		(19,641)	 (50,845)
Net pension obligation (asset) at end of year	\$	(19,031)	\$ (45,447)

IV. Other information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the January 1, 2013 actuarial valuation using the following assumptions:

	Non Uniform	Police
Date of Actuarial valuation	1/1/2013	1/1/2013
Investment rate of return	8.0%	8.0%
Projected salary increases due to inflation	5%	5%
Cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level dollar closed	Level dollar closed
Remaining amortization period	17	8

Three Year Trend Information

NON UNIFORM

DOLICE

NON-UNIFUI	K/VI					
	Annual		Percentage	Net Pension		
Fiscal Year	Pension		of APC	Obligation		
Ending	<u>C</u>	ost (APC)	Contributed	(Asset)		
12/31/2011	\$	144,536	72.4%	\$	(20,100)	
12/31/2012		146,748	98.2%		(19,641)	
12/31/2013		154,758	94.5%	(19,031)		

POLICE						
		Annual	Percentage	Ne	et Pension	
Fiscal Year	Pension		of APC	Obligation		
Ending	Cost (APC)		Contributed	(Asset)		
12/31/2011	\$	712,710	99.5%	\$	(54,060)	
12/31/2012		722,550	99.6%		(50,845)	
12/31/2013		757,992	99.3%		(45,447)	

D. Deferred compensation plan

The Township offers a deferred compensation plan for its employees. The plan, which is designed under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457, permits employees to make voluntary contributions from their salary which are excluded from federal taxable income until future years, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

The contributions are invested with an outside trustee and are held for the exclusive benefit of participants or their beneficiaries and are therefore not included in the accompanying combined balance sheets of the Township. The Township contributed \$6,327 to the plan during the year ended December 31, 2013.

IV. <u>Other information</u> (Continued)

E. Post-Retirement Benefits

Description of the Plan

Through police contract, The Township agrees that it will pay seventy five (75%) percent of the premium costs of the healthcare insurance coverage plans then being offered to the active full-time Police Officers (50% for officers hired on or after October 15, 2012), for each superannuated retired Officer, providing said retired Officer and spouse with continued hospitalization, major medical, surgical, drug and vision care as set forth in the healthcare plan then in effect for full-time Police Officers, subject to the certain conditions. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Such coverage shall only be provided to those Officers who have retired after completing twenty five (25) years of continuous service and have achieved fifty (50) years of age. The Township shall pay for the continued coverage and bill the retiree or spouse for twenty five (25%) percent of the premium cost. If the retiree or spouse shall fail or neglect to reimburse the twenty five (25%) percent premium cost to the Township within thirty (30) days of submission, the Township shall be relieved of further obligation to pay insurance for any superannuated retiree or spouse. Any superannuated retired Officer who shall elect not to participate in this post-retirement medical insurance program or, who having once participated therein, shall elect to discontinue participation in the program, for any reason whatsoever, including non-payment as described above, shall not be permitted to resume participation in the program. Officers retiring on or after January 1, 2012 shall be able to withdraw from their Township provided health insurance coverage during those periods where they are covered by other health insurance. Upon 30 day notice, or at the time upon a COBRA qualifying event, the employee, with eligible spouse and dependents, may enroll in the Township health insurance plans. The Township's duty to continue to pay seventy five (75%) percent of the premium costs for a superannuated retiree and spouse shall terminate upon the retirees eligibility for Medicare and Medicaid, or death of retiree, except that the Township shall continue to pay seventy five (75%) percent of the premium costs for surviving spouse until eligible for Medicare or Medicaid.

In the event that a police officer retires upon disability, the retiree, spouse, and any nonspouse dependents may also continue to participate in the health care insurance coverage offered through the Township until the disabled officer reaches normal retirement age. The Township shall pay the full premium costs for the coverage until the officer reaches normal retirement age. At that point, he or she will be eligible for the same health insurance benefits as retired officers.

The Township also agrees to provide each retiring Officer who shall serve full term to superannuation, without cost to the Officer, life insurance coverage in the sum of Five Thousand (\$5,000) dollars, for the remainder of his or her life.

IV. Other information (Continued)

E. Post-Retirement Benefits (continued)

In the event that an officer retires upon disability, the Township agrees to provide him or her \$50,000 of life insurance coverage until age 50. The amount of life insurance is then reduced to \$5,000 for the remainder of his or her life.

Membership of each plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2012, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits				
Terminated employees entitled to benefits not yet receiving them				
Active employees	23			
Total membership	35			

Funding Policy

Retirees are not required to make contributions to this plan. There are no required contributions of the employer. The Township is accounting for these expenditures on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Currently there are 13 retirees receiving health and/or life insurance benefits. The annual cost of these benefits in 2013 was \$112,738.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

					Actuarial	
		Actuarial		Unfunded	Projected	Liability
	Actuarial	Accrued		Actuarial	Annual	as a
Valuation	Value of	Liability	Percentage	Accrued	Covered	Percentage
Date	Net Assets	Obligation	Funded	<u>Liability</u>	<u>Payroll</u>	of Payroll
1/1/2012	\$ -	\$ 3,165,816	0.0%	\$ 3,165,816	\$ 2,062,606	153.5%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

IV. Other information (Continued)

E. Post-Retirement Benefits (continued)

The schedule of funding progress, presented as *required supplemental information* (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, is to present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. However, because the Township maintains no Plan assets, required disclosures over Plan assets is not applicable.

Projections of benefits are based on the types of benefits provided under the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point, and the projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Township's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the *annual required contribution* (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of 30 years. The following table illustrates the components of the Township's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plans, and changes in the Township's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 342,676
Interest on net OPEB obligation	39,595
Adjustments to annual required contribution	 (4,383)
Annual OPEB cost	377,888
Contributions made	 (112,738)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	265,150
Net OPEB obligation (asset) at beginning of year	 776,174
Net OPEB obligation (asset) at end of year	\$ 1,041,324

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective, and consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The January 1, 2012 actuarial valuation using the following assumptions:

IV. <u>Other information</u> (Continued)

E. Post-Retirement Benefits (continued)

Date of Actuarial valuation	1/1/2012
Investment rate of return	4.5%
Projected salary increases due to inflation	5%
Cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level dollar-open
Remaining amortization period	30

Healthcare trend rate: 7.5% in 2012, decreasing .5% per year to 5.5% in 201 Rates gradually decrease from 5.3% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2089 and later.

Three Year Trend Information

		Annual	Percentage	Net OPEB			
Fiscal Year		OPEB	of APC	0	bligation		
Ending	<u>C</u>	ost (APC)	Contributed		(Asset)		
12/31/2011	\$	255,606	41.9%	\$	601,136		
12/31/2012		284,095	38.4%		776,174		
12/31/2013		377,888	29.8%		1,041,324		

F. Escrow cash deposits and investments

The Township acts in a custodial capacity with respect to monies deposited with it by developers and others. These monies are held by the Township and used to pay legal, engineering, and other fees incurred on behalf of a specific project. Any unused deposits are returned to the developer upon completion of the project, except for an administrative handling fee. None of the monies received from or expended on behalf of the developers are recorded in the revenues or expenses of the Township. At December 31, 2013, \$778,327 represents the balance of these monies held in escrow.

G. Upper Gwynedd-Towamencin Municipal Authority

Sanitary Sewer Lease

Upper Gwynedd-Towamencin Municipal Authority (the Authority) is a public corporation organized on June 12, 1964, under the enabling state legislation. The townships of Upper Gwynedd and Towamencin have entered into a joint venture, the purpose of which is to borrow money to finance the construction or acquisition of needed sewer facilities consisting of a sewage treatment plant and collection system. Under agreements with the Townships, the Authority operates the treatment plants which are financed by the operating service charges paid by the Townships pursuant to the 1991 service agreement. The collections system, located within their respective geographic boundaries is leased to the Townships pursuant to the 1991 leases.

IV. <u>Other Information</u> (Continued)

G. Upper Gwynedd-Towamencin Municipal Authority (continued)

The construction of the facilities is being financed primarily by tapping fees, capital contributions and the sale of the bonds. Also, in 1991, the Authority issued Guaranteed Sewer Revenue Bonds. The construction of the facilities is being financed primarily by tapping fees, capital contributions and the sale of the bonds. The Authority's debt service requirements are being provided for by the payments of lease rentals and capital service charges from the Townships. The term of the lease is from October 1, 1991 to October 1, 2014.

Basic Minimal Annual Rentals

Towamencin Township's lease rentals are as follows:

Year 2014 \$39,785

Capital Service Charges

In addition, the Authority has entered into service agreements for the construction and operation of the plant. The service agreement provides for the payment of a capital service charge computed annually and payable by the Townships to the trustee in semiannual installments. The annual capital service charge for each year shall be the basic amount shown in the following schedule adjusted in accordance with the agreement, subject to limitations, however the net amount of any reduction shall not, in any year, exceed the basic amount. In 2013, the Township paid \$716.808. The final 2014 capital service charge will be funded with funds in the debt service reserve fund.

Operating Service Charges

An operating service charge based on the Authority's operating budget is payable in quarterly installments. The charge is subject to adjustment after the close of each year when actual amounts are available. The Township paid \$1,648,354 in operating service charges in 2013.

IV. Other Information (Continued)

G. Upper Gwynedd-Towamencin Municipal Authority (continued)

Bonded Debt

\$10,306,356 Guaranteed Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series of 1991, consisting of Current Interest Bonds of \$8,190,000 and Capital Appreciation Bonds of \$2,116,356. The Capital Appreciation Bonds have a maturity value of \$965,000.

The Townships guarantee payment of bonds in proportion to their shares of the reserved capacity of the treatment plant to total treatment capacity.

Bonds payable are reported in the financial statements of the Authority were \$960,702.

Copies of the complete financial statements are available at the Authority office located at 2225 Kriebel Road, Lansdale, PA.

H. Subsequent events

The Township has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through date of this report, which is the date the statements were available for release. In January of 2014, the Township obtained a Tax Anticipation Note in the amount of \$500,000 at a fixed rate of interest of \$1.35% until July 12, 2014 at which time the Note is expected to be paid in full.

In March of 2014, Towamencin Township Infrastructure Authority advance refunded the 2006 Guaranteed Revenue Bonds. The new 2014 Guaranteed Revenues Notes had an aggregate principal amount of \$9,055,000 bearing interest at a fixed rate of 2.5% and will mature on May 1, 2026.

No additional subsequent events are required to be recognized or disclosed.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

<u>REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION</u> SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS – PENSION FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

POLICE PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

					Actuarial	
		Actuarial		Unfunded	Projected	Liability
	Actuarial	Accrued		Actuarial	Annual	as a
	Value of	Liability	Percentage	Accrued	Covered	Percentage
	Net Assets	Obligation	Funded	<u>Liability</u>	Payroll	<u>of Payroll</u>
1/1/2009	\$ 4,597,518	\$ 9,029,320	50.9%	\$ 4,431,802	\$ 1,863,598	237.8%
1/1/2011	5,765,660	9,462,402	60.9%	3,696,742	1,880,679	196.6%
1/1/2013	6,576,414	10,210,046	64.4%	3,633,632	1,965,658	184.9%

NON-UNIFORMED PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

							A	Actuarial			
				Actuarial		U	nfunded	F	Projected	Liability	
	I	Actuarial		Accrued		А	ctuarial		Annual	as a	
	Value of Liability				Percentage	A	Accrued	(Covered	Percentage	
	N	et Assets		<u>Obligation</u>	Funded	<u>Liability</u>		<u>Payroll</u>		<u>of Payroll</u>	
1/1/2009	\$	1,410,607	\$	1,899,003	74.3%	\$	488,396	\$	1,237,600	39.5%	
1/1/2011		1,742,276		2,237,759	77.9%		495,483		1,128,623	43.9%	
1/1/2013		1,866,029		2,473,449	75.4%		607,420		1,165,397	52.1%	

<u>REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION</u> SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTIBUTIONS– PENSION PLAN

DECEMBER 31, 2013

POLICE PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES

		Annual	Co	ntributions			
Calendar	R	equired		from	Percentage		
Year	Co	ntribution	E	Employer	Contributed		
2008	\$	433,436	\$	433,436	100%		
2009		503,689		503,689	100%		
2010		511,140		511,140	100%		
2011		709,293		709,293	100%		
2012		719,334		719,334	100%		
2013		752,594		752,594	100%		

NON-UNIFORMED PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES

Calendar	-	Annual equired	Co	ntributions from	Percentage		
Year		ntribution	Ē	Employer	Contributed		
2008	\$	93,008	\$	93,008	100%		
2009		95,638		95,638	100%		
2010		104,702		104,702	100%		
2011		144,065		144,065	100%		
2012		146,288		146,288	100%		
2013		154,148		154,148	100%		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION OPEB PLAN

DECEMBER 31, 2013

POST RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

					Actuarial	
		Actuarial		Unfunded	Projected	Liability
	Actuarial	Accrued		Actuarial	Annual	as a
Valuation	Value of	Liability	Percentage	Accrued	Covered	Percentage
Date	Net Assets	Obligation	Funded	<u>Liability</u>	Payroll	<u>of Payroll</u>
1/1/2009 \$	-	\$ 2,981,465	0.0%	\$ 2,981,465	\$ 1,863,599	160.0%
1/1/2012	-	3,165,816	0.0%	3,165,816	2,062,606	153.5%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES

Calendar <u>Year</u>	equired ntribution	Ē	from Employer	Percentage Contributed				
2009	\$ 304,289	\$	63,594	21%				
2010	301,831		66,321	22%				
2011	299,726		107,219	36%				
2012	342,676		109,057	32%				
2013	342,676		112,738	33%				

<u>COMBINING BALANCE SHEET</u> <u>NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u>

December 31, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds													
		Street Light		Fire Tax		Park & ecreation		Pool]	Fischer's Park	Highway Aid		Total	
ASSETS														
Assets														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35	\$	30,978	\$	127,426	\$	14,204	\$	106,319	\$	18,089	\$	297,051
Accounts receivable		66		-		-		-		-		-		66
Taxes receivable				1,179		7,073		-		-		-		8,252
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	101	\$	32,157	\$	134,499	\$	14,204	<u>\$</u>	106,319	\$	18,089	\$	305,369
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable and accrued wages	\$	-	\$	26,875	\$	4,708	\$	450	\$	1,170	\$	-	\$	33,203
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		26,875		4,708		450		1,170		-		33,203
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>S</u>													
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		946		5,684		-		-		-		6,630
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	_	946		5,684		-		-		-		6,630
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:														
Streets and highways		-		-		-		-		-		18,089		18,089
Fire		-		4,336		-		-		-		-		4,336
Street lights		101		-		-		-		-		-		101
Park and recreation		-		-		124,107		-		-		-		124,107
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		105,149		-		105,149
Committed for:														
Public Art		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Pool								13,754						13,754
Assigned for:														
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		101		4,336		124,107		13,754		105,149		18,089		265,536
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED														
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	101	\$	32,157	\$	134,499	\$	14,204	\$	106,319	\$	18,089	\$	305,369

	l Nonmajo vernmental								
	Capital	 Art		Capital	A	uthority	_	Total	 Funds
\$	74,811 74,204	\$ 120,267 - -	\$	39,951 - -	\$	3,050	\$	238,079 74,204 -	\$ 535,13 74,27 8,25
\$	149,015	\$ 120,267	\$	39,951	<u>\$</u>	3,050	\$	312,283	\$ 617,65
\$	6,428	\$ -	\$	8,800 -	\$		\$	15,228	\$ 48,43
	6,428	 -	_	8,800		-		15,228	 48,43
	-	 		-		-	_	-	 6,63 6,63
	-	-		-		-		-	18,08 4,33
	-	-		-		-		-	10
	-	-		-		-		-	124,10 105,14
	-								
	-	120,267		-		-		120,267	
	- 142,587	120,267		- 31,151		- 3,050		-	13,75
	- - 142,587 142,587	 120,267 - 120,267		31,151 31,151		- 3,050 3,050			 120,26 13,75 <u>176,78</u> 562,59

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds													
		eet ght		Fire Tax	I	Park & Recreation		Pool]	Fischer's Park		Highway Aid		Total
Revenues														
Property taxes	\$	732	\$	52,004	\$	312,078	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	364,814
Investment income and rent		-		-		121		-		171		49		341
Intergovernmental revenue		-		150,557		-		-		120,000		350,317		620,874
Charges for services		-		-		12,293		155,237		-		-		167,530
Miscellaneous		-		-		13,506		3,715		100,251		-		117,472
Total Revenues		732		202,561		337,998		158,952		220,422		350,366		1,271,031
Expenditures Current:														
General government Public safety		-		- 318,126		-		-		-		-		318,126
Highways and roads		- 766		516,120		-		-		-		355,881		356,647
Culture and recreation		-		-		169,031		- 216,034		- 857,654		-		1,242,719
Total Expenditures		766		318,126		169,031		216,034		857,654		355,881		1,917,492
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues														
Over Expenditures		(34)		(115,565)		168,967		(57,082)		(637,232)		(5,515)		(646,461)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Proceeds from debt issuance		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		112,000		-		60,000		-		-		172,000
Transfers out		-		-		(140,000)		-		-		-		(140,000)
Total Other Financing						<u>.</u>								
Sources (Uses)		-		112,000		(140,000)		60,000		-		-		32,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(34)		(3,565)		28,967		2,918		(637,232)		(5,515)		(614,461)
Fund Balance - Beginning		135		7,901		95,140		10,836		742,381		23,604		879,997
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	101	\$	4,336	\$	124,107	\$	13,754	\$	105,149	\$	18,089	\$	265,536

	-								
General Capital]	Public Art	 Park Capital	 TT Authority	 Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	364,814	
	-		80	49	1	130		471	
	-		-	-	-	-		620,874	
	-		-	-	-	-		167,530	
	-		-	 84,100	 3,400	 87,500		204,972	
			80	 84,149	 3,401	 87,630		1,358,661	
	590,337			_	_	590,337		590,337	
	-		-	-	-	-		318,126	
	-		-	-	-	-		356,647	
	-		-	1,245	-	1,245		1,243,964	
	590,337		-	 1,245	 -	 591,582		2,509,074	
	(590,337)		80	 82,904	 3,401	 (503,952)		(1,150,413)	
	428,276		-	-	-	428,276		428,276	
	55,056		-	-	-	55,056		55,056	
	160,000		-	80,000	-	240,000		412,000	
	-		-	 (193,161)	 -	 (193,161)		(333,161)	
	643,332		-	 (113,161)	 -	 530,171		562,171	
	52,995		80	(30,257)	3,401	26,219		(588,242)	
	89,592		120,187	 61,408	 (351)	 270,836		1,150,833	
\$	142,587	\$	120,267	\$ 31,151	\$ 3,050	\$ 297,055	\$	562,591	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2013

		Р	ens	ion Trust Fu	Age	ency Funds	Total		
	N	onuniform		Police				General	Fiduciary
		Pension		Pension		Total		Escrow	Funds
ASSETS									
Cash	\$	183,667	\$	715,068	\$	898,735	\$	778,327	\$ 1,677,062
Receivables		-		1,476		1,476		1,057	2,533
Investments									
Certificates of deposit		118,463		633,091		751,554		-	751,554
Corporate Bonds		42,781		161,034		203,815		-	203,815
Mutual Funds-equity		37,500		117,500		155,000		-	155,000
Common stocks		1,985,666		6,877,361		8,863,027		-	 8,863,027
Total investments		2,184,410		7,788,986		9,973,396		-	 9,973,396
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,368,077	\$	8,505,530	\$	10,873,607	\$	779,384	\$ 11,652,991
<u>LIABILITIES</u>									
Payables	\$	1,476	\$	295	\$	1,771	\$	-	\$ 1,771
Escrow Payable				-	\$	-		779,384	 779,384
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,476		295		1,771		779,384	 781,155
NET POSITION									
Restricted for: Pension benefits	\$	2,366,601	<u>\$</u>	8,505,235	<u>\$</u>	10,871,836	\$		\$ 10,871,836
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	2,366,601	\$	8,505,235	\$	10,871,836	\$		\$ 10,871,836

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Pension Trust Funds						Total	
	Nonuniform		Police					Fiduciary
Additions	Pension		Pension		Total		Funds	
Contributions								
Member contributions	\$	-	\$	109,360	\$	109,360	\$	109,360
Employer contributions		69,987		584,272		654,259		654,259
State contributions		84,161		168,322		252,483		252,483
Total Contributions		154,148		861,954		1,016,102		1,016,102
Investment Earnings								
Net appreciation (depreciation) in								
fair value of investments		283,550		1,531,797		1,815,347		1,815,347
Investment earnings		198,318		150,788		349,106		349,106
Total Investment Earnings		481,868		1,682,585		2,164,453		2,164,453
Less investment expense		(13,084)		(43,291)		(56,375)		(56,375)
Net Investment Earnings		468,784		1,639,294		2,108,078		2,108,078
Total Additions		622,932		2,501,248		3,124,180		3,124,180
Deductions								
Benefits		117,948		601,362		719,310		719,310
Miscellaneous expense		2,701		13,949		16,650		16,650
Actuary fees		5,850		7,180		13,030		13,030
Total Deductions		126,499		622,491		748,990		748,990
Change in Net Assets		496,433		1,878,757		2,375,190		2,375,190
Net Position restricted for Pensions:								
Beginning of Year		1,870,168		6,626,478		8,496,646		8,496,646
End of Year	\$	2,366,601	\$	8,505,235	\$	10,871,836	\$	10,871,836

<u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN POSITION</u> <u>AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS</u>

December 31, 2013

	Balance January 1, 2013			Additions	Deductions		Balance December 31, 2013	
ESCROWS								
ASSETS Cash and Investments Receivables	\$ \$	1,250,646 7,290 1,257,936	\$ \$	33,216	\$ \$	(505,535) (6,233) (511,768)	\$ \$	778,327 1,057 779,384
LIABILITIES Escrow Payable	\$	1,257,936	\$	33,216	\$	(511,768)	\$	779,384